

**IRMA TIMES**

Serves Every Home in the  
District. Full of Interest to  
Farmer and Oil Prospector

# IRMA TIMES

Vol. 17, No. 29.

Irma, Alberta, Friday, August 25, 1933.

\$2.00 per year in advance; 5c per copy

**Main Street**

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Fletcher and son, Jackie, accompanied by John Schonert, motored to Edmonton last Saturday. Mrs. Fletcher and Jackie continuing on to the Peace River district to visit Mrs. Fletcher's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Berg.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Jones motored

to Edmonton last Tuesday.

Mr. W. N. Frickelton, accompanied by his two brothers, Earl, of Wainwright, and Clifford, of Calgary, were away on a holiday trip for a few days this week. During the absence of the men, Mrs. W. N. Frickelton's two sisters-in-law and their children visited at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Sather, Miss Heide Hubman and Mr. Ed. Lechelt

returned from their motor trip to the U.S.A. on Thursday, August 17th. A number of threshing machines will be starting out the first of next week which is much earlier than usual.

On Friday, August 18th, Mrs. L. Brown received word of the illness of her mother in Winnipeg. Mrs. Brown left the next morning for Winnipeg.

Mrs. Gerald Hurst, of Cadomin, arrived with her three children last Monday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Walker. Mrs. Hurst is to be congratulated on her success in driving her car all the way from the mining town west of Edmonton.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Archibald on Monday, August 14th, a daughter.

**Review of Western Markets****Cattle**

BEER—Trade at Edmonton has been on druggy order since last report. Quotations show steady to slightly easier. Choice heavy steers \$2.75@\$3; choice light \$3.25@\$3.50; good \$3@\$3.25; medium \$2.25@\$2.75; common \$1.50@\$2. Choice heifers \$3.25@\$3.50; good \$2.75@\$3. Choice cow sold at \$1.75@\$2; good from \$1.50@\$1.75; medium \$1.25@\$2.50; common \$1@\$1.25; cannars and cutters \$0.60@\$. Choice bulls \$1.15@\$1.25; medium \$1@\$1.15; cannars from 50c up. Choice light calves \$3@\$3.50; common \$1.50@\$2.50.

FEEDERS and STOCKERS—Anything but top quality is hard to move. Feeders steers \$1.50@\$2.50; stock steers \$1.25@\$2.25; stock heifers \$1.25@\$2.25; and stock cows from \$1@\$.25.

**Hogs**

Edmonton quotations higher. Bacons quoted at \$5.50; selects \$6; butchers \$5, fed and watered.

**Sheep**

Edmonton values weaker. Yearlings making \$1.50@\$2.50; ewes \$1@\$2; lambs from \$1.00@\$3.50.

**Grain**

Heavy reactions in markets this week, values being down 11@12c, with only slight recoveries. Heavy selling by Chicago interests hammered values and the market was only saved by good export buying. Exchange members at Winnipeg pegged futures at Monday's closing prices, and this had a tendency to check selling wave. Harvesting started in south and eastern sections of province, with yields ranging from 4@8 bushels per acre. Grade good, largely No. 1 northern.

**Cream—Butter—Milk**

CREAM—Quotations dropped 2c last Thursday. Special now 12c; first, 10c; second, 7c, at country points and 2c higher at centralizers. Production holding up fairly well, but showing large decline from peak of season. CREAMERY BUTTER—Market underway weaker as result of large storage holdings throughout

Canada. So far no change in values; although 1-cent drop being mooted. No. 1 cartons, 22c; No. 2, 20c; No. 1 prints, 21c; No. 2, 20c; No. 3, 19c. DAIRY BUTTER—Quotations steady. Fancy table, 15c; No. 1, 10c; No. 2, 8c. Moderate demand for top grade but others slow. MILK—rice advanced 45c at Calgary and 10c at Edmonton, effective Wednesday last. Calgary now \$1.95; Edmonton \$1.45 per 100 lbs., basis 3.6, delivered.

**Poultry and Eggs**

POULTRY—Underdone of market fairly firm, with prices showing about steady. Trade moderately active with summer resorts, but little movement in large centres. Fowl, No. 1, over 4 lbs., 6@7c; o. 1, under 4 lbs., 5c; No. 2, 3c. Roosters, 3@4c. Springers, No. 1, 8@9c; No. 2, 5c.

EGGS—Prices steady, but easier tone to market. Large storage holdings affecting tone of trade; receipts show slight decrease, and offerings expected to ease up until pullets start laying.

Demand fair. Extras, 12c; firsts, 9c; seconds, 6@7c.

**Hay—Feed Oats—Greenfeed**

HAY—Quotations steady to a shade firmer. Receipts light owing to cutting. Demand fair at city market, but little doing in carload lots. Country point prices: Upland, baled, \$9; loose, \$10; FEED OATS—Price a shade easier at 25@30c per bushel, delivered. Demand continues slow and supplies only arrive as required. GREENFEED—Receipts light, as growers are busy cutting. Price steady at \$6 per ton.

**Special Prizes for School Fair on September 9th**

The special prizes donated for the school fair to be held on September 9th, are as follows:

Magic Baking Powder—For best layer cake baked to recipe published by company—1st, Camera; 2nd, Fountain Pen.

Blue Ribbon Baking Powder for 6 best tea biscuits, can or grocer's receipt to accompany exhibit (\$6.00)—1st, \$2.00; 2nd, \$1.50; 3rd, \$1.00; 4th, 50c.

T. Eaton Co.—\$4.00 in merchandise—1st, \$1.75; 2nd, \$1.25; 3rd, 1.00, for most points in vegetable and sheep grains.

C. Finch \$3.00 for best article made of wood—1st, \$1.25; 2nd, \$1.00; 3rd, 50c; 4th, 25c.

Dr. Greenberg, for best bouquet of flowers, \$6.00—1st, \$2.00; 2nd, \$1.50; 3rd, \$1.00; 4th, 75c; 5th, 50c; 6th, 25c.

Foxwell & Johnson \$3.00—For most points in live stock and poultry—1st, \$1.50; 2nd, \$1.00; 3rd, 50c.

Wm. Matthews, \$5.00, for scholar winning most points in fair—1st, \$3.00; 2nd, \$2.00.

A letter just received from the department gives us a promise of the scholarship being continued for next year.

We are following the old bulletin prize list, cutting out No. 3, 5, 10, 13, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, 31, 34, 53, 58, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 108, 109, 110, 117, 120, 126, 127, 128, 129.

Come to the school fair directors meeting, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock to form committees for carrying on the fair.

**Alberta's Success at Regina**

A review of the winnings in the various seed grain classes at the world grain congress at Regina recently, shows Alberta's total prizes to be \$24,500, with an additional \$1,700 won by members of the junior, intermediate and inter-college grain judging teams. The cash prizes taken constituted more than one-third of the prize money offered in the classes concerned. In two classes of wheat Alberta took 85 per cent. of the money, and in two classes of oats won 80 per cent. of the money.

**Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels****HOTEL YORK**

EVERYTHING NEWEST

RATES from \$1.50 to \$2.50

FREE GARAGE COFFEE SHOP

ALSO OPERATING

**HOTEL ST. REGIS**

RATES: \$1.00; BATHS \$1.50 Weekly and Monthly Rates.

# School Preparation Sale

A big range of bargains in Children's Sweaters  
just in time for school and cooler days ahead!

**Misses' and High School Girls'**  
**Special Bargain**



Thirty-six only, Traveler's Samples, in Misses' and Young Women's Sweaters. Size 28-36, in smart pullovers. Reg. \$1.59 to \$2.00. Good styles, good colors.  
at a—

**Bargain . . . \$1**

## Small Boys' Sweaters

Something extra neat in an English Sweater for Boys up to ten years. Good worsted yarn Sweater, in neat colors, Polo collar. Worth \$1.15. A smart knit Tie to match in pleasing stripes, worth 25c. Both Tie and Sweater

**A Bargain . . . \$1.00**

## Misses' Pullover Sweaters

A. No. 1 worsted Sweater for girls. Made from strong wool yarns on a cotton back neat V-neck with contrasting trim. Shades of Brown, Maroon, Scarlet, Lawn Blue; a good sweater.

**Special . . . \$1.00**

## Small Boys' Jerseys

Just the rig for the little lads, either for school or play. Good fine all wool Jersey. Neat Polo collar, nicely trimmed, smart shades. Sizes 22-28.

**Very Special . . . \$1.00**



## Larger Boys' Pullovers

A good V-neck Sweater for the larger boys. Made from strong worsted yarns in black. V-neck is gold trimmed and carries an applique motif on chest. Sizes 28-34.

**Very Special . . . \$1.00**

## Boys' or Girls' Worsted Sweaters

A wool Sweater knit on a cotton backing yarn that is very neat and serviceable. Well made with Polo collar giving a neat finish. A splendid range of shades. Sizes 24-34.



**Special at . . . 89c**

## Girls' Sockettes

Not all sizes, but a fairly complete range of sizes in Girls' Sockettes, all going at BARGAIN PRICES

Cotton Sockettes—Regular 19c, 25c

Bargain, 2 pair for . . . . .

Lisle & Rayon Sockettes—Regular 35c, 19c

Bargain, pair for . . . . .

## Special Notice!

We cannot impress on you too strongly the extra value in the above sweaters. When we next sort up on these it will be at higher prices to us, and to you as well.

## Harvest of EXTRA SPECIALS in Groceries!

FOR SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY

### Malkin's Best Baking Powder

2 1-2's Pure Malkin's Powder—

**69c**

Special . . . . .

### Malkin's Best Coffee

1 lb. tins of this Delicious Coffee—

**39c**

Extra special . . . . .

### Jelly Powder

Arabrand Jelly Powder—

**29c**

Assorted flavors. 6 for . . . . .

### Toilet Soap

Caleo High Grade Toilet Soap—

4 Bars for . . . . .

**23c**

### Soda Biscuits

Alrge 2 lb. Cartons Butter Sodas,

and a Joy Cap—FREE . . . . .

**35c**

### Harvest Coffee

Camel is Good Cupping Coffee—

Extra Special, 2 lbs. for . . . . .

**55c**

**J. C. McFARLAND Co.**  
Phone 14 for Prompt Service.

Irma, Alberta



## Lessons Of The World Grain Show.

The great World Grain Exhibition and Conference has become a matter of history, but to the thousands of visitors who were privileged to view its wonderful display it will long be remembered as one of their most delightful and instructive experiences. Western Canadians, in particular, who had never had the opportunity of visiting the other provinces of their own Dominion must have been deeply impressed with the variety, magnitude and richness of the resources of their country, and to have obtained through the various provincial exhibits a renewed confidence in the future of Canada.

A tour of the British Columbia exhibit could not fail to have impressed one with the amazing wealth of resources in that great province. Divided into three sections, the exhibit depicted first the forest and mineral wealth of the Pacific Coast province; then the magnificent fruit products, with their attractive orchard scenes, and finally the fisheries whose products are known and in demand the world over.

Or, jumping over the prairie provinces and into Ontario, the visitor found, not an amazing display of manufactured products from that great industrial province, but they were impressed with the wealth which is being produced from the mines of the province as indicated by the thousands of dollars' worth of minerals on display. They learned how Ontario was proceeding with a vigorous reforestation policy to maintain its forest wealth, how forest fires are fought, and other steps taken to conserve this great natural resource.

Studying the Quebec exhibit, depicting the quiet pastoral life of the people away from the industrial centres, one could not fail to get a new understanding of the ancient province, and to realize what a steady influence it is bound to exert upon the national life of the Dominion. The teeming commerce on the mighty St. Lawrence, its great maritime ports, with the neat, intensively cultivated farms stretching back from the river banks, all conveyed a picture of beauty, strength and progress, the homes of contented thrifty people.

To visitors from other provinces and countries, the exhibits of the prairie provinces must have been a revelation indeed. Holding the view, as undoubtedly many such visitors did, that these provinces produce nothing but grain and other agricultural products, they certainly had their ideas expanded. Manitoba devoted its exhibit to a display of the wild bird and animal life of that province, extending from its southern prairie fields to the arctic circle. It was one of the show exhibits of the exhibition and people stood before it in interested crowds lost in admiration.

Alberta demonstrated that it could grow wheat by carrying off the world's wheat championship, but it also let visitors know that 14 per cent of all the coal supplies in the world were located within its borders, that it produces tens of millions of pounds of beet sugar annually, that its lakes and rivers teem with fish, that its timber areas are very large.

And Saskatchewan, popularly known as the "bread basket" of the Empire, which in normal years produces more than one-half of all the wheat grown in Canada, and more than any other single province or state in the world, surprised everybody with its wonderful exhibit of huge logs from its timbered regions, its many varieties of fish, and big fish at that which would do credit to a province by the sea; its mineral wealth of coal and clays in the south and richer metals in the north, its wild bird and animal life, its scenic beauty spots.

The usually accepted picture of the prairies as flat, uninteresting fields of grain, and nothing else, was dispelled by these truly wonderful exhibits. Even to the people living on these prairies they were a revelation. And to unite the whole were the comprehensive exhibits of the Dominion Government revealing in all their richness and variety the magnitude of the resources and products of Canada.

But why recall these things now? The exhibition is over? Because one of the objects of the exhibition was to bring this knowledge in its most interesting and fascinating and compelling form to the people of Canada and the world. Seeing is believing, and those who saw Canada on parade at Regina cannot fail to have been impressed and convinced of the development and prosperity which the future has in store for this Dominion, and for every part of it.

And such conviction was reinforced by the peeps into the past which were also afforded. One had only to stick their head through the window of the old Hudson Bay trading post and examine its contents, or gaze upon the means of transportation in the days of the pioneers—not so very long ago at that—the old Red River cart, the dog sled, the Esquimaux boat, and contrast them with the great Hudson Bay stores at Winnipeg and Calgary, to mention only two, and with the C.P.R. and C.N.R. exhibits and the automobile exhibits of modern means of transportation, to appreciate the fact that Canada has made amazing progress in the short span of its national existence. Such progress offers but a glimpse and a promise of the still greater progress and development that is to be.

Thus in the midst of a depression which has to some extent at least shaken the confidence of many of our people, the World Grain Exhibition came with its wonderful and beautiful story. It also brought a message. It is not a message of despair, but of hope. A message that, trying and difficult as times may temporarily be, they are, after all, only temporary because a nation with such resources, with such culture, with such virile and progressive people, cannot fail to surmount any and all difficulties. Canada is for the moment caught in the maelstrom of world events and conditions beyond our control, but it will win through and rise to greater grander heights than ever before.

Gum boots formed an important item of Canadian export to New Zealand during the first three months of the current year.

The word "tax," we are told, comes from the Latin "taxare," meaning "to touch sharply." No further wisecrack is needed.

The world is too small for the man who knows it all.

A letter enclosing payment for taxes in Enfield, Australia, has just been delivered to the tax official in Enfield, England.

A clever scientist claims to have devised a means of producing rain at will. We still prefer the old English method of holding a picnic.

Argentina's use of tobacco is increasing rapidly.

## Bowel Complaints of Children During the Summer Months

Mothers should look well after their children during the hot summer months. Despite all they can do the children may be seized, at any time, with diarrhoea, dysentery, summer complaint, or other forms of bowel trouble.

There is a safe remedy in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; a remedy that has received the endorsement of legions of Canadian mothers during the 88 years it has been on the market. Don't experiment. Get "Dr. Fowler's" and be on the safe side.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



### Judge Fines Himself

Makes Penalty Light Because It Was His Birthday

Under the Chicago system, judges take turns sitting in the various courts, and a recent Monday was Judge Eugene J. Holland's first experience in the traffic division.

Immediately after Holland took charge, the clerk announced the first case as follows:

"City of Chicago vs. Eugene J. Holland!"

Judge Holland sat up very straight and very suddenly.

"What's this?" he asked of the clerk, thinking perhaps that a joke was being played to initiate him into his new environment.

The clerk explained that the case involved a parking charge which was several days old. Holland then recalled that he actually had received a ticket.

"Well," he said, smiling, "this is my first day in traffic courts. This also happens to be my birthday. So I am going to give myself a break. I therefore fine myself \$1 and \$1 costs."

### Take Tremendous Chances

**Aviators Fly High, Without Rest Are Under Great Strain**

Captain James Molaison and his wife, Amy Johnson, both of them crack fliers, left Pendine, Wales, with the intention of flying non-stop to New York. Their plane was brought down by Bridgeport, Conn., not far distant from the objective, but the thing cracked and Molaison and his wife were somewhat injured.

In speaking of the accident, Molaison said: "I was tired I didn't know where I was headed. He had been in the air 23 hours."

Wiley Post, who finished the globe circling trip, said: "I went to sleep at least twenty times between Edmonton and New York," that being a hop of 2,200 miles.

There is probably no law which says that people who go on long flights must stop now and then and take a sleep. Truck traffic has no regulations, and it does not go with the flow. Flying for 20 hours is a greater strain than the human mind and body can stand.

The Molisons would have been well advised had they come down after crossing the Atlantic and then continued to New York. It would not have made their trip any the less successful, and would probably have allowed them to make a perfect three-point landing in New York.—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

### How the Rule Works

**National Problem Doubly Eased When Two Observe Job**

As a national problem, a man thrown out of work is only half the mischief done. It means one less worker to carry the burden of one more dependent. Fortunately, the rule works the other way when it comes to the jobless employee. A man in a new job means for the whole nation one more worker to carry one less dependent.

Supposing that at the depth of the depression in March we had 12 million people idle, it would mean that we had 36,000,000 persons at work. We had three people with jobs to carry one without a job. If today employment has increased by 3,500,000 jobs, it means nearly 40,000,000 persons at work, or 1,000,000 extra persons still idle. We have almost five workers to carry one idle person. The social burden is almost cut in two.—New York Times.

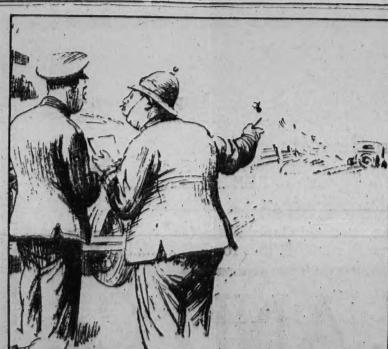
### Makes a Difference

**No Music in Threshing Machine When Crops Are Poor**

There is not much music in the threshing machine in these hopeless years. Its engine has a monotonous chug, the grain that pours out of its spout is small in quantity. The straw is poor, from the ears of oats round to itself in the yard. This lack of a prosperous look makes its dust more oppressive. The soft tongued men about the machines are silent, and the rows are talking politics in raspy voices. Poor marketing and disarraying crop when they fall together, spoil the harmony of the threshing machine.

### Doctor's Hand Values

**Loss of the Hand of a Right Hand in an Automobile Accident has Brought to Dr. Abraham Goldfoot, of Cheltenham, England, a verdict of \$50,000 damages. His wrist was broken when he was struck by an automobile. Unable to write prescriptions he has to take an assistant with him wherever he goes.**



VILLAGE POLICEMAN: "An Actress—that's what she is. I produce me book, she snatches it, writes 'er autograph—an' buzzes off!"—The Humorist, London.

## WIFE'S DELIGHT AT HUSBAND'S LOSS

### 30 Pounds of Fat!

Here is something all wives of fat men will be glad to know. It is the experience of a woman whose husband recently weighed 230 lbs. She writes:

"I really feel I must write and tell you, after taking Kruschen Salts for nearly 2 months, my husband has got his weight down from 230 lbs to 200 lbs. This has been achieved by nothing else but Kruschen. I am too heavy also, and I started taking Kruschen only three weeks ago. At 144 lbs. We are delighted."

(Mrs.) C.

Kruschen combats the cause of fat by assisting the internal organs to perform their functions properly so that the waste products and poisons which, if allowed to accumulate, will be converted by the body's chemistry into fatty tissue.

### Eskimo Slaying

**Village Bad Man Killed By Other Members of the Tribe**

Story of the slaying of an Eskimo village "bad man" by other members of the tribe, as told in a wireless report received at Royal Canadian Mounted police headquarters at Ottawa from Inspector T. Sandy Wunsch on board the Northern supply steamer "Nascopie."

Oo-Shoak-Juke, an Eskimo who 13 years ago killed a fellowaborigine at Cape Dorset, in Baffin Land, met retribution six months ago, when his own life was taken by a trio of Eskimos whom Oo-Shoak-Juke had been threatening.

The dead native was regarded as insane. He had shot at his wife some time before his own death, and for no apparent reason he had informed the three men who eventually killed him that he intended shooting them.

The trio forestalled him, and took the law into their own hands. They decided that the tribe would be better off without Oo-Shoak-Juke, and forthwith shot him.

When Inspector Sandy-Wunsch reached Wolstenholme on board the "Nascopie," the tribal chieftain and all interested parties were produced and an inquiry set on foot. The inspector informed headquarters that a complete report would be mailed when the "Nascopie" reached Moosehead on her homeward trip.

Almost a bare course "Velsheda" was built to challenge for the cup is the fact that it is 88 feet on the waterline and 127 feet overall. That is longer than "Shamrock V." which felt the need of more length in the rougher American waters where the cup course is laid.

"Shamrock," moreover, was noticeably inferior to "Enterprise" in sailing to windward. "Velsheda" is an improvement in this respect.

Otherwise the new cutter adheres pretty much to the international specifications for "J" class yachts. It is of slightly more than 200 tons. It has a sail area of 7,500 feet, a 158-foot mast, a beam of 21 feet and draft of 15. Its lead keel weighs about 80 tons.

### The Other Club

**Distinguished Organization In London Celebrates Twenty-First Birthday**

Newfoundland Is Lucky To Have Backers in Britain

It may be a bit of a shock to Newfoundland's pride that for a time they are to have their dominion status virtually taken away from them and the country placed under a commission which will perform all the functions of government.

This is the recommendation of Lord Amulree's commission which came out to Newfoundland to investigate, and it is likely to be adopted.

Newfoundland should not worry. Newfoundlanders should be very happy to think that somebody else is going to take over the job of straightening out the mess in which they have gotten themselves. What has been done is simply that Old Bull's family has gone into a financial mess, and the old man is coming to the rescue. He says in effect: "Here, just stand aside for a while until I get you out of all feet, and when I see that you are all right I'll stand aside again and you can run your own nose again."

That is one of the advantages of being able to look to a Mother Country.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

### Wheat Exports

**July Was a Banner Month For Canadian Farmers**

Measured in dollars and cents, July, 1933, was a banner month for the Canadian farmers. Canadians sold 16,372,600 bushels of wheat in world markets, receiving \$12,302,600, an average of 75 cents a bushel. The average return in July, 1932, was 57 cents and in July, 1931, 61 cents.

In July last year, the export of wheat—16,372,600 bushels—was higher than this year, but the return of \$11,209,600 was considerably lower, making the average price 57 cents a bushel. In July, 1931, 12,060,800 bushels were exported at an average price of 61 cents a bushel.

About 450,000 different kinds of imports are known and several thousand new ones are discovered each year.

### Britain May Capture Coveted American Cup

**New All-Steel Cutter Revives Hope Of Sportsmen**

A beautiful new streamlined racing cutter, winning race after race by spectacular margins, suddenly has revived British hopes of capturing the American cup.

The cup—"that old mug" so persistently pursued by Sir Thomas Lipton for 33 years—probably is more coveted by British sportsmen than any other trophy in the world. Why Britain never has been able to regain it since it crossed the Atlantic in 1851 is a riddle.

But Britshers believe that the answer has been found in "Velsheda," ultra-modern all-steel creation of Charles E. Nicholson, who designed the last two Shamrocks for Sir Thomas Lipton. "Velsheda" embodies all the lessons Nicholson learned from the defeat of "Shamrock V." by Harold Vanderbilt's "Enterprise" in 1930.

The success of the new cutter has made it almost certain that her owner, W. L. Stephenson, will succeed Sir Thomas as challenger for the cup. Stephenson, chairman of the British subsidiary of F. W. Woolworth & Co., named the yacht after his three daughters, Veilma, Sheila and Daphne.

No contest could be held this year, since the challenge must be made at least nine months before the race, but British yachtsmen believe Stephenson will issue it in the fall if "Velsheda" keeps on winning. In the great Scottish racing festival known as the "Clyde Fortnight," which just ended, "Velsheda" won five firsts and three seconds out of nine races over "Shamrock V." and King George's Britannia. The two wins "Shamrock" scored over "Velsheda" were by margins of only a few seconds, while all "Velsheda's" victories were decisive.

"Velsheda's" chief feature, aside from its steel hull, is the now-famous "Park Avenue" boom, frankly copied from the "Enterprise" with a few new ideas added. It greatly speeds up handling of the material. Moreover, she is equipped with all the other time-saving mechanical devices which Lipton was said responsible for "Enterprise's" victory, in the last cup race.

Almost a bare course "Velsheda" was built to challenge for the cup is the fact that it is 88 feet on the waterline and 127 feet overall. That is longer than "Shamrock V." which felt the need of more length in the rougher American waters where the cup course is laid.

Otherwise the new cutter adheres pretty much to the international specifications for "J" class yachts. It is of slightly more than 200 tons. It has a sail area of 7,500 feet, a 158-foot mast, a beam of 21 feet and draft of 15. Its lead keel weighs about 80 tons.



## Young Man Smoke Best!

**Smoke Best—and you'll soon be an Ogden's Cut Plug fan!**

**It makes no difference what kind of a pipe you smoke. It will be a far better and more satisfying pipe when you light up a bowlful of Ogden's Cut Plug.**

**It's fragrant... and cool... and mellow—as chummy a pipe tobacco as you ever touched a light to!**

## OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

**If you "roll your own", use Ogden's fine cut cigarette tobacco**

**and Chantecler cigarette papers**

### Ambassador To Russia

**Viscount Chilston To Represent Britain At Moscow**

The king has approved the appointment of Viscount Chilston as ambassador to Russia, succeeding Sir Esmond Ovey. His majesty received the new ambassador in audience at Buckingham Palace.

Lord Chilston has been minister at Budapest since 1928. He will leave for Moscow in September, when for the first time since March 30 the United Kingdom will be represented in Russia by a full-fledged ambassador.

### Not Good For Business

**Wheat At Low Level's Keeps World From Prosperity**

British millers and corn merchants do not want wheat to remain at a low price. Sir Albert Humphries, representative of Old Country milling interests, told delegates to the International Grain Conference at Regent. "It is not good for the producer, miller or people as a whole for wheat to remain at low levels," Sir Albert stated. "If agriculturists in the world sell wheat at low prices, then the whole world will very shortly become more prosperous as well."



**RIVERBEND SCHOOL FOR GIRLS WINNIPEG - MAN.**

**RESIDENTIAL AND DAY PUPILS**

**Courses from Kindergarten to Grade XI**

**Thoroughly trained and experienced teaching staff.**

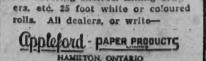
**Special instruction in Languages, Music, Gymnastics, etc., and outdoor sports.**

**SCHOOL RE OPENS**

**Boarders, September 12th.**

**Prospective students, September 13th.**

**Principal, Miss Joan M. V. Foster, M.A. (McGill & Oxon.)**



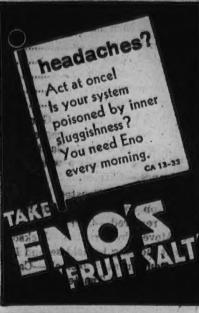
**For covering shelves. Lining drawers, etc. 25 foot white or coloured rolls.**

**All dealers, or write—**

**Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS**

**HAMILTON, ONTARIO**

**W. N. U. 2007**



## OCCASIONAL WIFE

By EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick Girl" Etc.

## SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt, young and beautiful student in an art school, unconsciously sketches the head of a fellow student during class and when she is supposed to draw a Greek torso. The boy, Peter Anson, is much embarrassed by Camilla by having Peter Anson, the boy whose head she sketched, criticize her work before the class. Afterwards Camilla goes to him and asks him an expensive gift club. It is far beyond his means but he resolves to go through with it. Peter takes her to the theatre first and then to the night club where they meet some of Camilla's friends. (Now go on with the story)

## CHAPTER IV

Peter danced with Cathie, his arms aching for Camilla. He felt clumsy now, and self-conscious. But Cathie told him gushingly, "You're a marvelous dancer, Mr. Anson. I could dance with you all night."

"I'd never last that long. And I don't like to dance, anyway," he told her bluntly.

"Not even with me?" she pouted. "Oh, you're all right, it's just that I don't like to dance."

"Then why did you bring Camilla here?"

"Because she wanted to come here, I believe."

"That's just like her. She gets everything she wants."

"I suppose so. But why shouldn't she?" defensively.

"That's what everyone seems to think. But she never troubles herself about making anyone else happy—any more," Cathie amended.

"Has she changed—recently?"

"She is more changed every time I see her, which isn't often. She doesn't play with the crowd like she used to, and she acts most of the time as if she were far away, when she is around."

"Perhaps she's getting serious about life and trying to find some definite work. I met her at National!"

"I know. She's been going for the intellectual stuff in a big way and cutting the rest of us. She is down-right snooty, lately," Cathie shrugged.

"Perhaps you just imagine it," Peter defended her. "Any kind of study takes a lot of one's time and mind. I'm sure she doesn't intend to high-hat you."

"You're pretty crazy about her, aren't you?" Cathie's eyes narrowed. "Call me crazy if you like," he smiled.

"Well, she will treat you like all the rest. Almost every fellow in our crowd has had his crush on Camilla, and his cure. They all get over it after she has kept them miserable for awhile."

"What nice sharp claws our kitten has!" thought Peter, and replied "That makes it nice for me, that she gave them all the gate, because I might be the exception to the rule, after all!" His eyes flashed sternly. "Take that slap in the face, now. You asked for it!"

But nothing daunted Cathie. "Oh, yeah? Well, if she's too cruel, bring

## HORSES WORK BETTER

when fresh from Santa Fe, Cutt

Santa Fe, Colorado, size by

Minard's Liniment. Keeping a bottle

in the house saves Vet's and Doctor's bills.



W. N. U. 2007

your wounds to me and I'll bandage them up for you. I might feel sorry for you because you're a nice boy. Heart wounds are serious."

"Thanks a lot, Miss Harris. You are very kind." She ignored the reproof in his voice, and when they danced again, spoke only in gay banter. Peter's eyes followed Camilla's lithe grace in Terry's arms, covetously. He grudged the loss of one moment with her, the more because he knew he would never dare to take her out again.

The supper order appalled him. Lucky he had brought the extra money. He was in for it, all right. And he might expect the same thing to happen any time he made a date with Camilla. She had scores of wealthy friends whom they would encounter everywhere. As her escort, he had to be prepared to act as host any time.

Passing her on the floor, he sang to her with the orchestra, "Save the last dance for me, sweetheart."

She nodded smiling. The last dance, he thought. Their last, forever, perhaps; and wondered if she would care much if it were.

Terry ordered more drinks when they returned to the table.

"Nothing for me," Camilla declined. As host, Peter felt obliged to join his guests. "Ginger ale," he said, and apologized to Terry "Eight o'clock class tomorrow and a headache won't go."

"Don't you hate the grind?" drawled Terry, luxuriously sipping his highball.

"Grind!" Peter exclaimed with surprise.

"Mr. Anson is one of those rare people who likes to use his brains," Camilla explained.

Was she laughing at him, Peter wondered, and grew miserable. Perhaps Cathie was right. She was beginning already to punish him for his absurd hopes.

The waiter presented two bills, one for the food and one for the drinks. The total astounded Peter, but he paid without a flicker of hesitation. He had had his fling and it would last him for awhile. "Let that be a lesson to you," mocked the orchestra and the tenor soloist, in a sudden crescendo. It would be, he resolved.

But when he took Camilla into his arms for the last dance, he forgot bank balances that looked like supercharged and supper charges that looked to him like the figures of a bank's resources.

"Goodnight, sweetheart," sighed the music, "till we meet tomorrow," crooned the tenor's plaintive voice, "tears and parting may make us form," echoed Peter's heart; then Camilla raised her eyes to meet his and his hopes lifted, "but with the dawn, a new day is born, so I say goodnight, sweetheart, goodnight."

The ride home was far too short in time and far too long by the taxi meter that ticked with jeering insistence. Peter wished that he might dismiss the cab and nonchalantly walk home after a lingering good-night, but Camilla managed that.

"You needn't come in. It's very late and you have an eight o'clock class you know, I've had a lovely time, Mr. Anson."

"Thanks, Miss Hoyt. So have I. Did we chase away your blackbluses?"

"Oh, yes, I forgot them."

"They're good. Well, goodnight." She placed her little white-gloved hand in his. The soft night air ruffled the bright hair on his bare head and she stifled a sudden impulse to reach up and smooth it.

"Goodnight," she whispered, and was gone before he could think what more to say.

The pulsing motor of the car recalled him to his senses. He sprang in and slammed the door. He rode only to the nearest car line and dismissed it, parting with his last ten dollars, half of which he received in change. It was all that was left of his "roll" that he had provided for appearances, promising himself to redeposit most of it on the following day. But it was gone, and all he had was a sweet memory that would have to last him for many months.

Camilla flung herself upon the high mahogany four-poster bed. Long ago, when she had first slept in that bed, she had felt like a fairy princess. It had symbolized the utmost in grandeur and luxury to her then. For the past three years, she had hated it more every night she slept there. But she was not thinking about that tonight. She was hating Peter. At least, that is what she declared to herself, over and over. That was because she was sure that she never could have him.

Then her memory exulted in the way he had looked at her when they danced, the dead words he had said. He was so precious, just as she had known he would be. Before he had talked to her that day. Was it only today that he had first spoken to

her, and changed her whole world? How strange life was, that years could pass in which nothing of importance ever happened, and then a few hours could suddenly hold so much happiness and beauty!

"But he didn't ask to see you again!" her thoughts jeered, and she was plunged into misery again. He only had been sorry for her because of the incident in class that day, and taking her out was his chivalrous way of apologizing. Her face burned with remorse at the memory of his finding her in the park in tears. It angered her. She was angry and hurt—because she was in love and not at all sure of being loved. That was why she wanted to hate Peter.

(To Be Continued)

## Another Tradition Ended

## Last Hudson Bay Company Ship Has Sailed From England

Recently the ice-breaker "Nascole" steamed down the Clyde from Ardrosson, marking the end of a tradition that has lasted 245 years.

In 1688 the fifty-ton ketch "Non-such" sailed from Gravesend to Hudson Bay with forty-two men, the pioneers of the Hudson Bay Company.

It was the dashing Prince Rupert, the first Governor, who backed this first venture of the Governor and Company of Adventurers of England Trading Into Hudson's Bay and ever since then ships have sailed from Britain to Canada with stores and provisions and back from Canada to Britain with cargoes of furs.

But the "Nascole" is the last of them, and will never return to British waters. The departure was the last sailing of a Hudson Bay Company ship from Britain. The "Nascole" will remain permanently in Canadian waters and fur collections will in future be shipped each year to England by the regular Atlantic liners to London.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Tact of the Japanese

## People Carefully Avoid Saying Anything That Might Displease

. . . it is not an exaggeration to say that it is a social crime in Japan to give in answer to a question any reply (however true) which may displease or to ask for any favour which will make necessary a blunt refusal. Among certain peoples the messenger of evil was rewarded with death; in Japan, unless he conveys his message with suitable circumlocutions, he is likely to be ostracized as a barbarian. Blunt negatives and direct refusals are, in fact, unknown to the code of the Japanese, and in order to convey such notions one must speak circuitously, casting hints of one's meaning here and there. Thus the conversation of two Japanese must not be taken at its face value, for each is engaged in suggesting, not deliberately stating his meaning and in trying to discover the implications of a string of conventional phrases and vague suggestions. Japan is no place for those who pride themselves on speaking their mind.

## An Ancient Deed

## Land In Ontario Granted Over 100 Years Ago By King King

An ancient deed to 200 acres of land in Ontario, granted over 100 years ago by England's reigning monarch of that period, is in possession of Miss Genevieve Lest, of Cambridge. The deed is written on parchment as thick as velvet with the royal seal, in beeswax, attached.

The royal act transferred 200 acres of land in the township of Chatham to Amelia Van Dusen, United Empire Loyalist, spinster. Miss Lest is a descendant of Amelia Van Dusen, one of the first women to hold land in her own name in Canada. She is also the only woman on record to have continued in alfalfa for three years. Badly infested fields should be ploughed under before seed forms

## One Air Banned

## New Species Of Fish

## Specimens Of Queer Angler Has Been Brought From Tropics

A fish which goes fishing, dangling before its mouth the tip of a long tentacle as a lure for smaller fry, is among the specimens which have been brought from the tropics by Dr. William Beebe of Philadelphia. Fish which venture within striking distance to investigate the wavy sand are gobbed up. Forty previously unknown varieties of fish were discovered and classified in the six-week expedition into Central American waters.

For the first time on record in England a woman has auctioned pedigree cattle. She was Miss Maud Coltman, officiating at Reading Cattle market.

Part of a stamp collection brought nearly \$10,000 at a London sale.

her, and changed her whole world? How strange life was, that years could pass in which nothing of importance ever happened, and then a few hours could suddenly hold so much happiness and beauty!

"But he didn't ask to see you again!" her thoughts jeered, and she was plunged into misery again. He only had been sorry for her because of the incident in class that day, and taking her out was his chivalrous way of apologizing. Her face burned with remorse at the memory of his finding her in the park in tears. It angered her. She was angry and hurt—because she was in love and not at all sure of being loved. That was why she wanted to hate Peter.

(To Be Continued)



## When Glamor Is Gone

## Many Retired Farmers Find City Life Not So Attractive

A fair amount of the glamor off city life has been brushed aside during the past three of four years. Many a farmer who retired from the land with what he thought was enough capital to see him through for the rest of his days, has found that investments he may have made are not as profitable as they were. Many of them—most of them no doubt—will come back, but in the meantime many of these farmers are experiencing a pinch which they never knew on the farm. Those who expected to supplement their income with city jobs have realized that when depression hits a country a factory job is an uncertain commodity, while other expenses have made continuing a loss.

The old farm looks attractive, and experience has shown that its imaginary discomforts are merely blessings in disguise.

## Thunder Storms Never Cease

## About 1,800 Raging Thunderstorms Of World Every Minute

It is estimated that the approximate number of thunderstorms occurring over the whole earth in the course of a year is 16,000,000.

This works out at 44,000 a day and 1,800 a minute. The average duration of each storm is about one hour for the average duration of each simple calculation tells us that at any one minute there are probably some 1,800 storms raging simultaneously over the continents, islands and oceans.

Thunderstorms reach their greatest frequency in equatorial and tropical regions, where 100 to 150 a year is quite an ordinary number. In parts of Asia and Australia the annual number is said to exceed 200, and with such regularity do the storms break out there during the latter half of the day between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. in many cases occurring a week or two ahead it is customary to indicate whether a storm is expected to arrive before or after the usual deluge.

Thunderstorms reach their greatest frequency in equatorial and tropical regions, where 100 to 150 a year is quite an ordinary number. In parts of Asia and Australia the annual number is said to exceed 200, and with such regularity do the storms break out there during the latter half of the day between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. in many cases occurring a week or two ahead it is customary to indicate whether a storm is expected to arrive before or after the usual deluge.

## Another Serious Pest

## Clover Dodder Brought To Canada From Southern Europe

There is probably no weed in the universe which legitimized against a clover dodder, which has been introduced into Canada from Europe. It is a serious pest in France, Spain, Italy, and other southern European countries; in Chili and other parts of South America; in the United States, and in several countries which have long winters without frost. During the years of shortage in clover seed crops in Canada it was frequently introduced and distributed throughout the country, and has been a pest ever since.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

The dodder is an annual parasite, which steals your clover plant and becomes attached to the clover stems by suckers through which it obtains nourishment. Alfalfa dodder, says the Dominion Seed Board, has great trouble in British Columbia and in the prairie provinces where it has long winters without frost.

## War Enemies Never Met

Foch and Hindenburg Disappointed When Plans Were Spoiled

Hindenburg and his great antagonist Foch never met.

Nor did the field-marshal-president ever have the opportunity of talking over the war with Petain, Joffre, Lyautey, Fayolle and French d'Esperance, the other French marshals. Yet like a good professional soldier, he would have liked nothing better.

However, he came within an ace of meeting Foch, for whose character and tactical ability he had the highest regard. It took his elevation to the presidency of the Reich to forestall what would have been an historic encounter.

In the autumn of 1924, Foch told his aide, Major René L'Hopital, that he had the opportunity of talking over the war with Hindenburg, "not as a Frenchman and a German, but as too old soldiers."

L'Hopital, who knows German as thoroughly as he knows English, got busy. Through personal friends in Berlin, he had his chief's desire brought to Hindenburg's ears. The old marshal readily acquiesced.

This came the problem of how to arrange the meeting. Nationalistic feeling was running high in both France and Germany. Hindenburg's bobbing with the hereditary enemy would have caused a storm or protest. Foch's fraternizing with his German counterpart would have made the Third Republic rock.

L'Hopital, always a diplomat, found a way out. Foch was to go down to Strasbourg ostensibly to inspect the view to take place in the early spring garrison. Hindenburg at the same time would be taking the cure in Baden-Baden. Overnight the ex-generalissimo of the Allies would motor over the Kehl bridge, unannounced with L'Hopital to act as interpreter.

The stage was all set for the interview of 1925. Then Hindenburg's fellow-countrymen elevated him to the presidency. And while a retired German army officer might very well meet a retired French army officer privately, it was naturally out of the question for the president of Germany to receive Marshal Foch under any circumstances.

Foch regretted the missed opportunity until his dying day. "I have the highest regard for Hindenburg," he frequently told friends, "I consider him a really great man."

## PERSPECTIVE

Let me not ever live too near The things that cause me fret, and fear.

Last enemies I look upon May loom so vast they hide the sun. And with dark shadows shut away The glamour of the golden day.

Let not me hold too near my heart The loves which form life's happiest part;

Too much of brilliance blinds the eye May love well, yet still be wise And go, undazzled, by the gleam Of love, which makes earth's loveliest dream.

Let me not ever live too near The things most dreaded or most dear;

Too much of shade, too much of fame, Sight, dimmed or dazzled, is the same. Ah, let me see my bliss or strife As part, but not the whole of life!

## New Hybrid Oats

## Experiments At University Of Saskatchewan Produce Drought Resistant Variety

New hybrid of oats under test at the University of Saskatchewan are showing much greater resistance to drought than the standard varieties. Dr. J. E. Harrington, in charge of cereal experiments, observes. Several varieties of barley such as Colless and Regal also show far more ability to withstand dry weather than O.A.C. 21 barley common to western Canada.

Dr. Harrington believes that the experimental results this year while crops are small will provide valuable information on such questions as the smattering of grain varieties.

## SPANISH CORN PUDDING

Half a cup sweetened condensed milk, 1/4 cup corn meal, 1/4 cup chopped green pepper, 2 tablespoons chopped onion, 1 teaspoon salt, 2 eggs.

Blend sweetened condensed milk, corn meal, green pepper, onion, salt, 2 eggs. Pour into buttered baking dish and bake 25 minutes in a moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit). Serves six.

## Needed Sea Trade

A Polish poet of the 16th century said that "a man need not know what the world is like if he shows intelligence, but modern Poland has learned that her prosperity demands sea trade, and 62 per cent of her foreign trade is now sea-borne."



One hundred and eighty pages' worth of making your cooking better with St. Charles are yours simply for the asking. Send for our new cook book "The Good Provider." Just fill in the attached coupon.

Borden's ST. CHARLES MILK UNSWEETENED EVAPORATED

The Borden Co., Limited

Yardley House, Toronto

Please send me free copy of "The Good Provider."

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_

Prov.: \_\_\_\_\_

State: \_\_\_\_\_

Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Age: \_\_\_\_\_

Occupation: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

Profession: \_\_\_\_\_

Religion: \_\_\_\_\_

Education: \_\_\_\_\_

Employment: \_\_\_\_\_

Business: \_\_\_\_\_

Trade: \_\_\_\_\_

&lt;p

**Special Notice to Those Interested in Winter Sport**

To whom this may concern:

This should be all people living in this community within a radius of twenty or more miles of the village of Irma:

It has been suggested that a fenced enclosure be erected to form a skating rink in the village and also that a building be erected to house two sheets of ice for the purpose of a curling rink.

Now please take notice that a meeting has been called for the purpose of discussing the above suggestions when it is expected that all persons whether interested in this kind of sport or not will attend to air their views on the above subjects.

The meeting will be held in Hedley's hall on Wednesday, August 30, at 8:30 p.m. Everybody is welcome. Come and get together where town and country meet.

**NOTICE**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All consignments billed to the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, must be left at the risk of transportation company until such time as ordered removed by the officials of the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423.

Please note and govern yourselves accordingly.

CHAS. WILBRAHAM,  
Secretary-Treasurer, M.D. of Battle River, No. 423, Irma, Alta.FINGER - WAVING SPECIAL—  
August 17, 18, 19—Finger wave, dried, 50c; Finger waved, and not dried, 35c; Finger Wave and Shampoo, not dried, 50c; Finger Wave, Shampoo and dried, 65c. Phone 39—Make appointment early.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD WILL be given for the return of a pair of black Angora chaps, to the office of E. W. Carter, Irma.

**PASTURE SHEEP ON A FIFTY-FIFTY BASIS**

I would like to let out in flocks of 100 to reliable parties for a period of two or three years, well-bred grade Hampshire ewes, on a fifty-fifty basis.

**APPLY AT ONCE TO  
JESSIE H. S. MOLDON  
Craigmyle Alberta****Section 12, Subsection 2,  
Chapter 28, Statutes  
of Alberta**

In case the taxes levied by a municipality in respect of a parcel for the year 1932 are unpaid and all such taxes previously levied have been paid, upon payment of the taxes levied in the year 1932 together with penalties to the first day of January, 1933, together with the current taxes on or before the fifteenth day of December, 1932, there shall be allowed upon the amount of such taxes less any taxes levied under "The Municipal Hall Insurance Act," a discount of 9 per centum.

**Section 350, Subsection 1,  
Chapter 41, Statutes  
of Alberta**

There shall be allowed by way of a discount five per cent upon all payments made on or before the fifteenth day of December on account of taxes which became due and payable in the year in which the payment is made.

**CHAS. WILBRAHAM,  
Secretary-Treasurer, M.D. of Battle River, No. 423, Irma, Alta.**

A want ad. in this paper does big work at small cost. Now is the time to sell, trade, or exchange for something else.

**TRAVEL BARGAINS TO PACIFIC COAST**  
 Vancouver-Victoria from stations in Ontario (Port Arthur and West), Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.  
**AUG. 18 TO SEPT. 2 RETURN LIMIT 15 DAYS GOOD IN COACHES**  
 Small additional charge for Tourist Sleepers  
 Apply Local Agent  
**CANADIAN PACIFIC**

**Main Street**

Mr. Richardson, of Viking, has taken over the dental practice at Irma of Dr. Murray and will from now on visit Irma every Friday when he will continue to work in the rear of the Drug Store.

A larger crowd than usual attended the Irma United church Sunday school picnic which was held at King's Park on Wednesday afternoon, August 16th. A very enjoyable time was had by all present.

Mrs. Schonert, Mrs. Cole and Mrs. McFarland attended the Women's Institute convention at Wainwright on Tuesday, August 22nd.

Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Field, and little daughter, Margaret (who visited Mrs. Field's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Walker, also her sisters, Mrs. V. C. Peterson, and Mrs. K. L. G. Allan, for two weeks) have returned to their home in Lethbridge, Sask., where Mr. Field is in charge of St. John's (Anglican) church, their return trip by car having been very enjoyable.

Alfred W. Walker has been visiting his parents and other relatives and friends for two weeks after having spent some months west of Edmonton.

Brethren from the Masonic Lodge at Irma who attended the funeral of the late Angus Ross on Saturday were Messrs. Pryce Jones, J. Fletcher, and J. Bishop.

**NOTICE**

I have organized a class of music in Irma. Anyone wishing to continue with music can see me after September 4th.

MISS EVELYN YORK, A.T.C.M.

**Avondale U.F.W.A. Meet at Home of Mrs. Cesair**

Avondale U.F.W.A. held the August meeting at the home of Mrs. Cesair, our oldest member, being over eighty years of age and still young as the rest of our local. Some thirty-six ladies and girls were present. The meeting opened by singing "Take Time to Be Holy." "What the Daisies Told Me" was answered by Mrs. Allen giving a short sketch on the lives of different hymn writers and hymns they had composed. Discussion on a play for the winter months took place. Mrs. S. S. Thomson, Mrs. R. L. Shotts and Mrs. Feidler were chosen as a committee to take charge of same.

The secretary was asked to write Mr. Spencer of Warwick Farm, Edgerton for a date on which she would speak to the community on the C.C.F. movement, as many people are at sea as to what the aims and ideals of the C.C.F. are.

A most interesting feature was the very able address given by Miss Kent, who was home on her holidays from the Anglican Indian school at Lytton, B.C. and kindly consented to tell our local of the work carried on at that place to educate the Indian children. Miss Kent has a most pleasing personality and is a very able speaker and her address was thoroughly enjoyed by all. The meeting closed by singing "Abide With Me" after which the Misses Ford and their girl friends served a most delicious lunch consisting of sandwiches, cake, coffee, tea, and coconut macaroons, which was a fitting ending to a most enjoyable afternoon.

Bob Launders and three of his neighbours at Drayton Valley arrived on Saturday and took over the stocking for B. Hamm and others in Avondale district.

C. H. Allen and family, Mrs. Chase, Marjorie and Lloyd Allen visited at J. Allen's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. New and Mrs. Whitley took little Dorothy Dalton home on Sunday and visited there Mrs. Wm. Dalton, who has been in the hospital the past week, also come home on Sunday.

Misses Doris Shotts, Jean and Andrew Prothero, and Dorothy Dalton are the recent whoping cough patients.

Mrs. W. Thomson is staying with Mrs. Joe Valle.

**ANGLICAN CHURCH NOTES**

Service will be held next Sunday, August 24th, in the United Church, at 8 p.m.

The date of the next W.A. meeting will be published later.

Mary Thurston, Sec. W.A.

**Wold's Tiniest Park**

St. John, N.B.—The world's tiniest park is claimed for Saint John, N.B., states the tourist bureau of the Canadian National Railways. It is called "Sullivan's Park" and measures 20 feet in length with a width of six feet and boasts two beaches. It is located at the end of Main street and overhangs Murray street at a dizzy height.

It doesn't do any good to spank a girl after she is sixteen years old, but it must be lots of fun, says a careful observer.

**Health Service OF THE Canadian Medical Association**

Edited by GRANT FLEMING, M.D. — ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

**Delay or Neglect**

The consequences of delay or neglect are seen every day. Neglect is as frequently a sin of omission as of commission. Nobody appreciates the value of fire insurance more than the individual whose home has just burned down and who finds that he has not neglected to pay the last premium. Similarly, the loss of a breadwinner is somewhat assured when his family know that, through after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.

It may be just a jagged tooth or

and so it is with health. Delay in obtaining sound advice and neglect in securing attention for what appears to the individual to be a minor ill are all too frequently admitted by people who first go to their doctor with the late symptoms of some grave disorder. The repeated pain and distress in the stomach, particularly after eating, may have been the slight ailment complained of in the history of the majority of cases of gastric ulcer. There is nobody with this disease at the present time who would not, if he could, exchange his disorder for the opportunity one afforded him of a more carefully supervised diet or medical attention to this "slight ailment" earlier in life.

The same may be said of a great number of diseases. Instances without number might be noted. Not all disease comes "like a bolt from the blue"; most of them show, in various small ways the beginnings of which, with neglect, will give rise to a life of suffering and chronic disorders for which there may be little hope of permanent recovery.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by an ill-fitting denture which has kept up a constant irritation of the delicate.